Dø's & Døn'ts

PERSONAL LOCATOR BEACON GUIDE

ENHANCING YOUR PRODUCT EXPERIENCE

Having made the important decision to acquire a Personal Locator Beacon (PLB), it's equally important to understand the factors that can impact the overall product experience. This helpful guide provides users with awareness of the ideal circumstances for keeping your beacon in perfect working order, thereby ensuring it is always ready for use when needed the most.

- Best Practices
- Operation Tips
- Storage Recommendations
- And more!



BACKPACK STORAGE

Backpacks and other sack-based storage systems are a great traditional cargo option for nearly all environments. However, there are always challenges to both protecting and preserving the performance of equipment stored within.

Here are tips on how best to store your communication devices inside!

Don't

CLUSTERING & CRAMMING



Usually the normal behavior would be to drop whatever items into your backpack or sack, but this can lead to 'clusting or cramming' of items. This could put added strain on your valuables and also lead to a potential false activation.

CRUSHING & PRESSURE



A common occurrence on the trail or during other adventures is leaning on, or placing our weight on, our backpack. This scenario also creates strain on backpack contents and can potentially reduce the battery life of your PLB due to potential inadvertent activation.

RESTING & SITTING



Use of equipment as a cushion or pillow can seem practical on the journey, but be aware of the weight being placed on your valuables. Gives new meaning to the phrase; "Between a rock and a hard place".



DEDICATED POCKETS & EXTERIOR



Dedicated pockets, or exterior mounting options not only allow for easier access to your PLB but also provide greater protection for your device when it's stored in an upper compartment or mounted in a higher position on the backpack.

SANDS, CLIP & CARABINERS



Use of bands, clips and carabiners also allow for rapid access on your person and provide a direct connection between you and your PLB. But be aware of your position and influence on the unit.

DRYBAG/PACKS/POUCHES

The benefits of drybags' water-resistant enclosures include distinct advantages for electronic equipment. However, protection against the elements is unfortunately not mirrored in regards to the protection offered against hard impact and heavy pressure.



CLUSTERING & CRAMMING



Drybags, while protecting from water and dust, often offer little to no protection from impact or shock. Be conscious of other items also being stored as these can potentially impact your beacon and other valuable devices.

CRUSHING & PRESSURE



Pressure and weight are even more important with these types of storage options as they often don't have any kind of foam or cushion. Also be aware of loosely storing your beacon in crowded compartments within your vehicle/vessel.

RESTING & SITTING



With pouches, be aware of the environment around you. Remain cognizant of your posture when leaning, sitting, or resting to negate the possibility of an accidental activation.



SIDE-PACKS, BUMBAGS & POUCHES



We recommend when using side-packs, bumbags and/or pouches to keep the beacon relatively clear of other items and the activation area free from outside influence. Awareness of one's surroundings is also advised to keep your unit safe.

STRAPS & BANDS



Hooking your unit to straps and bands can be very appealing when traveling, however be sure to place it in an area where minimal physical interaction can occur. Also make sure that your unit is securely attached to prevent loss or theft.

MARINE & VESSELS

Out on the water the condition can be wide and varied. As weather, vessel type, and activity can have an effect on how you store and use your equipment.



CLUSTERING & CRAMMING



Providing ample space and not simply dropping your beacon into tight and highly compressed environments can provide for situation where a false activation can occur.

Please avoid cramming or cluttered storage compartments.

CRUSHING & PRESSURE



Leaning or placing weight on your equipment could inadvertently damage or tamper the placement of your beacon. Such as your life jacket deployment, for example.



LIFE JACKETS



When not placing your device within the life jacket, external placement is possible. Just be aware of not only placement in regards your external area but also in terms of where the life jacket will inflate to.

BAGS AND POCKETS



Pockets are a viable option of keeping your beacon close and accessible. Like other areas, please be aware of what other objects could come in contact with your unit. Also be aware of any weight you may inadvertently place on your unit.

406 MHZ & 121.5 MHZ: GLOBAL & LOCAL

With the inception of 406 MHz as the global standard for Cospat-Sarsat rescue beacons, more detailed and reliable communication has become the norm. Allowing for global coverage which previous 121.5 MHz homing signal was not capable of.



Beacon is Activated

406 MHz distress message,including GPS coordinates, is sent to worldwide emergency satellite network.



Distress Message Relayed

406 message and GPS coordinates are sent to the nearest Search and Rescue Organization.



Return Link Service (RLS)

Provides direct to beacon confirmation that distress message has been received and location detected.



Search and Rescue Dispatched

GPS coordinates and a 121.5 MHz homing signal lead rescuers to your locations

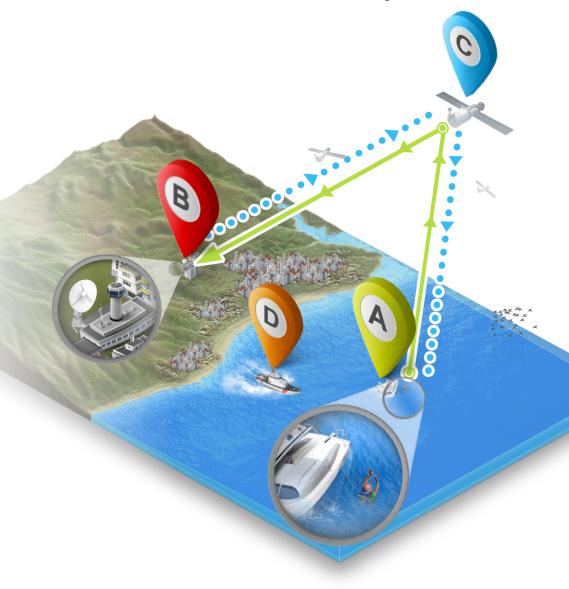


THE RLS DIFFERENCE

The Return Link Serivce (RLS) offers a new feature to all compatible Cospat-Sarsat beacons. A blue light which provides feedback to users that their emergency rescue message has been received by a mission control center.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

406 MHz and Return Link Service, Global Coverage and User Awareness



Building a better network: With RLS, 406 MHz, 121.5 MHz, and other robust features emergency beacons create a dependable and tested framework for rescue.

OPERATION TIPS

Here's some quick tips on how to insure the best performance out of your beacon.





Insure your beacons antenna is fully and properly deployed.



As your beacon is functioning, ensure it has a clear path to the sky.

Don't



Hold you beacon in a manner that will tamper with it's antenna or transmission system



Operate it without it's antenna fully deployed.



Hold the unit by the antenna.



Prevent the unit from have a clear access to the sky and as such the satellite network.

In Summary,

While storage is important and proper preparation is key. It is your knowledge of your own life saving equipment which can save not only your life but that of your love ones.

Test your beacons prior to your journeys, Know the proper light sequence associated to your units. Communications is more than just transmission, it's understanding.

LOOK AFTER YOUR BEACON AND IT WILL LOOK AFTER YOU

If you want to learn more about emergency beacons, and other life saving equipment please visit:

- www.amsa.gov.au
- www.maritimenz.govt.nz/
- www.ACRARTEX.com
- www.0ceanSignal.com

